Personal Math Trainer Online Assessment and Intervention
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## YOUR TURN

3. A jeweler sells necklaces made in three sizes and two different metals. Use the data from a simulation to find the experimental probability that the next necklace sold is a 20-inch gold necklace.

|  | Silver | Gold |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ in. | 12 | 22 |
| $\mathbf{1 6}$ in. | 16 | 8 |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ in. | 5 | 12 |

## Guided Practice

1. A dentist has 400 male and female patients that range in ages from 10 years old to 50 years old and up as shown in the table. What is the experimental probability that the next patient will be female and in the age range 22-39? (Explore Activity and Example 1)

|  | Range: <br> $\mathbf{1 0 - 2 1}$ | Range: <br> $\mathbf{2 2 - 3 9}$ | Range: <br> $\mathbf{4 0 - 5 0}$ | Range: <br> $\mathbf{5 0}+$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Male | 44 | 66 | 32 | 53 |
| Female | 36 | 50 | 45 | 74 |

2. At a car wash, customers can choose the type of wash and whether to use the interior vacuum. Customers are equally likely to choose each type of wash and whether to use the vacuum. Use a simulation to find the experimental probability that the next customer purchases a deluxe wash and no interior vacuum. Describe your simulation. (Example 2)
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ESSENTIAL QUESTION CHECK-IN
3. How do you find the experimental probability of a compound event?

